Word Reading	EYFS	Key S	itage 1	Key Stage 2			
	Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Phonics and Decoding	To read individual	To apply phonic	To continue to apply	At this stage, teaching co	 mprehension skills should	 d be taking precedence over to	 eaching word reading
	letters by saying	knowledge and skills as	phonic knowledge and	and fluency specifically. A	Any focus on word readin	g should support the develop	ment of vocabulary.
	the sounds for	the route to decode	skills as the route to				
	them.	words.	decode words until				
			automatic decoding				
	Blend sounds into	To blend sounds in	has become embedded				
	words, so that	unfamiliar words using the	and reading is fluent.				
	they can read	GPCs that they have been					
	short words made	taught.	To read accurately by				
	up of letter-sound		blending the sounds in				
	correspondences.	To respond speedily,	words that contain the				
		giving the correct	graphemes taught so				
	To read some	sound to graphemes	far,				
	letter groups that	for all of the 40+	especially				
	each represent	phonemes.	recognising				
	one sound and say		alternative sounds				
	the sounds for	To read words containing	for graphemes.				
	them.	taught GPCs.					
			To accurately read				
	To read simple	To read words containing	most words of two or				
	phrases and	s, -es,	more syllables that				
	sentences made	-ing, -ed and -est endings.	contain previously				
	up of words with		taught graphemes.				
	known letter-	To read words with					
	sound	contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll	To read most				
	correspondences	and we'll.	words containing				
	and, where		common suffixes.				

	necessary, a few exception words. To say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonics knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonics knowledge, including some common exception words.		To begin to recognise syllable boundaries in longer words and read each syllable before combining them to read the word.	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words). To use syllables to support the reading of longer words. To begin to try out different pronunciations to accurately decode new words. To begin to apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud fluently.	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill. To use syllables to support the reading of longer words. To try out different pronunciations to accurately decode new words. To apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud fluently.	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. To apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud fluently.	To read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/ Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings and to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.
Common Exception Words	To read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.	To read Y1 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words.	To read most Y1 and Y2 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	To begin to read Y3/Y4 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondence between spelling and these occur in the word.	To read all Y3/Y4 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondence between spelling and these occur in the word.	Y5/Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and	To read all Y5/Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.

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Fluency	Blend sounds into	To accurately read texts	To read aloud books	To continue to build	To continue to build	At this stage, children	
	words, so that they	that are consistent with	(closely matched to	their fluent reading	their fluent reading	are expected to be	
	can read short	their developing phonic	their improving	developing their	developing their	reading fluently. If this is	
	words made up of	knowledge, that do not	phonic knowledge),	expression,	expression,	not the case and it is	
	letter-sound	require them to use	sounding out	automaticity, rhythm	automaticity, rhythm	identified as a need,	
	correspondences.	other strategies to work	unfamiliar words	and phrasing and	and phrasing and	extra fluency lessons will	
		out words.	accurately,	smoothness.	smoothness.	be included.	
			automatically and				
		To reread texts to build	without undue				
	Read simple phrases	up fluency and	hesitation.				
	and sentences made	confidence in word					
	up of words with	reading.	To reread these				
	known letter-sound		books to build up				
	correspondences		fluency and				
	and, where		confidence in word				
	necessary, a few		reading.				
	exception words.						
			To read most words				
	Re-read books to		quickly and				
	build up their		accurately without				
	confidence in word		overt sounding and				
	reading, their fluency		blending, when they				
	and their		have been frequently				
	understanding and		encountered.				
	_						
	enjoyment.						
	Read aloud simple						
	sentences and books						
	that are consistent						
	with their phonic						
	knowledge,						
	including some						
	common exception						
	words.						
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Comprehension	Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding and correcting inaccuracies	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Listen to and talk about selected nonfiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.	read and to self- correct.	by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.	comprehension and check for meaning through re-reading and clarifying. To use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read. To check that a text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding.	check for meaning through re-reading and clarifying. To use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read.		for meaning through re- reading and clarifying.

Developing	Demonstrate	To discuss word meaning	To discuss and clarify	To check that the text	Discuss	To discuss vocabulary	To analyse and evaluate
Vocabulary		and link new meanings to	the meanings of words,	makes sense to them,	vocabulary used	used by the author to	the use of language,
•	has been read to them	those already known.	linking new meanings	discussing their	to capture	create effect	including figurative
Words in	by retelling stories and		to known vocabulary.	understanding and	readers' interest	including figurative	language and how it is
Context and	narratives using their	Draw upon knowledge of	to known vocabalary.	explaining the meaning	and imagination.	language.	used for effect, using
author's	own words and recently	vocabulary in order to	To discuss their	of words in context.	and imagination.	idiiguage.	technical terminology
choice of	introduced vocabulary.	understand the text	favourite words and		To use dictionaries	To evaluate the use of	• •
language				To discuss	to check the	authors' language and	such as metaphor,
	Use and understand	Use vocabulary given by	phrases.	authors' choice of	meaning of words		simile, analogy, imagery,
	recently introduced	the teacher.	D	words and phrases for	that they have read.	explain how it has	style and effect.
	vocabulary during		Recognise some	effect.	,	created an impact on	
	discussions about	Discuss his/her favourite	recurring language in		Discuss why words	the reader.	To identify and evaluate
	stories, non-fiction,	words and phrases	stories and poems	To identify vocabulary	have been chosen		the effectiveness of an
	rhymes and poems			that captures the reader's interest.	and the effect these	Explore the meaning	author's choice and use
	and during role play.			reader's interest.	have on the reader	of words in context,	of language, explaining
				To use dictionaries to		confidently using a	the impact on the
	Learn new vocabulary.			check the meaning of	Explain how words	dictionary	reader.
				words that they have	can capture the		
	Use new vocabulary			read.	interest of the		To explore the meaning
	throughout the day.			read.	reader	Investigate alternative	of words in context by
				Identify how language		word choices that	exploring the meaning in
	Use new vocabulary in			choices help build	Find the meaning of	could be made	the broader context of
	different contexts.			meaning.	new words using		the section or paragraph.
					the context of the	Read around the	
				Find the meaning of	sentence	word' and explore its	
	Listen to and talk			new words using the		meaning in the	
	about selected non- fiction to develop a			context of the		broader context of a	
	deep familiarity with			sentence			
	new knowledge and					section or paragraph	
	vocabulary						
	Offer explanations for						
	why things might						
	happen, making use						
	of recently introduced						
	vocabulary from						
	stories, non-fiction,						
	rhymes and poems						
	when appropriate.						

Prediction	Anticipate (where	To predict what might	Predict what might	Justify predictions	Justify predictions	Predict what might	Predict what might
Trediction	appropriate) key	happen on the basis of	happen on the basis of	using evidence from	using evidence from	happen from details	happen from details
	events in stories.	what has been read so far.	'''	the text	the text	stated and implied	stated and implied
	events in stories.	what has been read so fair	terms of plot,	the text	the text	stated and implied	stated and implied
	Offer explanations	Make simple predictions	character and language	Use relevant prior	Use relevant prior	Support predictions	Support predictions by
	for why things might	based on the story and	so far	knowledge to make	knowledge as well as	with relevant evidence	using relevant evidence
	happen, making use	on their own life		predictions and justify	details from the text	from the text	from the text
	of recently	experience.	Make predictions using	them.	to form predictions		
	introduced		their own knowledge		and to justify them	Confirm and modify	Confirm and modify
	vocabulary from	To recognise and join in	as well as what has	Use details from the		predictions as they	predictions in light of
	stories, non-fiction,	with predictable phrases.	happened so far to	text to form further	Monitor these	read on	new information
	rhymes and poems		make logical	predictions	predictions and		
	when appropriate.	Begin to explain these	predictions and give		compare them with		
		ideas verbally or through	explanations of them		the text as they read		
		pictures	'		on		
			To understand cause				
			and effect and use this				
			to aid their predictions.				
Retrieval		Answer a question about	Independently read	Use contents page and	Confidently skim and	Confidently skim and	Confidently skim and scan,
		what has just happened in	and answer simple	subheadings to locate	scan texts to record	scan, and also use the	and also use the skill of
		a story	questions about what	information	details	skill of reading before	reading before and after
			has just been read			and after to retrieve	to retrieve information
		Develop own knowledge		Learn the skill of 'skim	Use relevant quotes	information	
		of retrieval through	Ask and answer	and scan' to retrieve	to support own		Use evidence from
		images	retrieval questions	details	answers to questions	Use evidence from	across whole chapters
			draw on previously			across larger sections	or texts
		Recognize characters,	taught knowledge	Begin to use	Retrieve and record	of text	
		events, titles and		quotations from the	information from a		Read a broader range
		information	Remember significant	text	fiction or nonfiction	Read a broader range	of texts including
			events and key		text	of texts including	myths, legends, stories
		Recognize differences	information about the	Retrieve and record		myths, legends, stories	from other cultures,
		between fiction and non-	text that they have	information from a		from other cultures,	modern fiction, plays,
		fiction texts	read	fiction text		modern fiction and	poetry and archaic texts
						archaic texts	
		Retrieve information by		Retrieve information			Retrieve, record and
		finding a few key words		from a non-fiction text		Retrieve, record and	present information
						present information	from a wide variety of
		Contribute ideas and				from non-fiction texts	non-fiction texts
		thoughts in discussion					
						Ask own questions and	Ask own questions and
						follow a line of enquiry	follow a line of enquiry

Summarise	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.	story they are familiar with Begin to discuss how events are linked Retell familiar stories orally e.g. fairy stories and traditional tales	Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related Retell using a wider variety of story language Order events from the text Discuss how events are linked focusing on the main content of the story To explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read and what they have had read to them.	Identifying main ideas drawn from a key paragraph or page and summarise these Begin to distinguish between the important and less important information in a text. Give a brief, verbal summary of a story. To begin to identify themes from a wide range of books.	Identifying main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph and summarise these To identify themes from a wide range of books. Summarise whole paragraphs, pages, chapters or texts.	ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph,	Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas To summarise information from across a text and link information by analysing and evaluating ideas between sections. To draw out key information and to summarise the main ideas in a text. To make comparisons across different books. Summarises texts using a limited about of words.
Inference	happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories,	what they say as evidence.	Answer and ask	To draw inferences about characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and begin to find evidence from the text. To begin to justify inferences by referencing a specific point in the text. To ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple	To draw inferences about characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text. To justify inferences by referencing a specific point in the text. To use more than one piece of evidence to justify	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives with supporting evidence. To make inferences about actions, feelings or events To use figurative language to infer meaning. To give 1 or 2 pieces of evidence to support their point.	To consider different accounts of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of authors and of fictional characters). To discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues.

				inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.	their answer To continue to ask and answer questions, including some simple inference.	To begin to draw evidence from more than one point in the text.	
Structure and	Develop storylines in	To recognise and join in	To recognise that	To identify how	To use all of the	To identify how	To use non- fiction
Organisation	their pretend play.	with predictable phrases.	non- fiction books are	language, structure	organisational	language, structure and	materials for purposeful
			often structured in	and presentation	devices available	presentation contribute	information retrieval
	Engage in non-fiction	To discuss the significance of titles and events.	different ways.	contribute to	within a non- fiction	to meaning.	(e.g. in reading history,
	books.	or titles and events.	To discuss the	meaning.	text to retrieve, record and discuss	To use knowledge of	geography and science textbooks) and in
			sequence of events in	To retrieve and record	information.	texts and organisation	contexts where pupils
			books and how items	information from non-		devices to retrieve,	are genuinely motivated
			of information are	fiction texts using	To read books that	record and discuss	to find out information
			related.	contents and glossary	are structured in	information from	
				to locate it.	different ways and	fiction and non-fiction	To recognise bias, fact
			Recognise some		read for a range of	texts.	and opinion.
			recurring language in	To read books that are structured in different	purposes.	To distinguish	
			stories and poems	ways and read for a		To distinguish between fact and	
				range of purposes.		opinion.	
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Poetry and	Learn rhymes, poems	To learn to appreciate	To continue to build	To prepare and	To recognise and	To continually show	To confidently perform
Performance	and songs.	rhymes and poems.	up a repertoire of	perform poems and	discuss some	an awareness of the	texts (including poems
			poems learnt by heart,	play scripts that show	different forms of	audience when	learnt by heart) using a
	Sing in a group or on	To recite simple poems by	appreciating these and	some awareness of the	poetry (e.g. free	reading out loud using	wide range of devices to
	their own, increasingly	heart.	reciting some with	audience when reading	verse or narrative	intonation, tone,	engage the audience
	matching the pitch and		appropriate intonation	aloud.	poetry).	volume and action.	and for effect.
	following the melody		to make the meaning				
			clear.	To begin to use	To prepare and	To learn a wider range	
	Make use of props and			appropriate	perform poems and	of poetry by heart	
	materials when role			intonation and	play scripts with		
	playing characters in			volume when reading	appropriate		
	narratives and stories.			aloud.	techniques		
					intonation, tone,		
	Invent, adapt and			To begin to recognise	volume and action)		
	recount narratives and			different forms of	to show awareness		
	stories with their peers			poetry (e.g. free verse	of the audience		
	and their teacher.			or narrative poetry)	when reading		
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	aloud.		
	Perform songs, rhymes,						
	poems and stories with						
	others, and (when						
	appropriate) try to						
	move in time to music.						

Reading for	Compare and contrast	To listen to and	To participate in	To recognise, listen to	To discuss and	To read a wide range	To read for pleasure,
Pleasure	characters from	discuss a wide range of	discussion about books,	and discuss a wide	compare texts from	of genres, identifying	discussing, comparing
	stories, including	fiction, non-fiction and	poems and other works	range of fiction,	a wide variety of	the characteristics of	and evaluating in depth
Listening to	figures from the past.	poetry at a level	that are read to them	poetry, plays, non-	genres and writers.	text types (such as the	across a wide range of
and		beyond that at which	(at a level beyond	fiction and reference		use of the first person	genres.
discussing		they can read	which they can read	books or textbooks.	To read for a	in writing diaries and	
texts	Listen attentively and	independently.	independently) and		range of purposes.	autobiographies) and	To recognise more
	respond to what they		those that they can	To use appropriate		differences between	complex themes in what
Comparing,	hear with relevant	To link what they have	read for themselves,	terminology when	To identify themes	text types.	they read (such as loss or
contrasting &	questions, comments	read or have read to	explaining their	discussing texts (plot,	and conventions in a	To participate in	heroism).
commenting	and actions when	them to their own	understanding and	character, setting).	wide range of books.	discussions about books	
	being read to and	experiences.	expressing their views.			that are read to them and	-
	during whole class		To become	To continue to	To refer to	those they can read for themselves,	their understanding of
	discussions and small	To retell familiar stories	increasingly familiar	develop their	authorial style,	building on their own and	what they have read,
	group interactions.	in increasing detail.	with and to retell a	understanding and	overall	others' ideas and	including through formal
	group interactions.		wide range of stories,	enjoyment of stories,	themes and features	challenging views	presentations and
		To join in with	fairy stories and	poetry, plays and non-	To identify how	courteously.	debates, maintaining a
	Use and understand	discussions about a text,	traditional tales.	fiction.	language, structure		focus on the topic and
	recently introduced	taking turns and		M/ith cuppert to begin	and presentation	To identify main ideas	using notes where
	vocabulary during	listening to what others		With support, to begin to justify their views	contribute to	drawn from more than	necessary.
	discussions about stories, non-fiction,	say.		about what they have	meaning.	one paragraph and to	To listen and respond
	rhymes and poems		To have the	read.		summarise these.	to guidance and
	and during role play.	To discuss the	opportunity to choose	read.			feedback on the quality
	and during role play.	significance of titles	books to read and	To have the	To begin to justify	To recommend texts	of their explanations
		and events.	have read to them and	opportunity to choose	their views about	to peers giving	and contributions to
	Engage in story times.	To recognise simple	be taught how to	books to read and	what they have	reasons for their	discussions.
		recurring literary	choose appropriately.		read.	choice.	413643310113.
	Listen to and talk	language in stories	choose appropriately.	have read to them and			To distinguish
	about selected non-	and poetry.		be taught how to	To have the	To compare	independently between
	fiction to develop a	and poetry.		choose appropriately.	opportunity to	characters, settings	statements of fact and
	deep familiarity with	To ask and answer			choose books to	and themes within	opinion, providing
	new knowledge and	questions about a text.			read and have read	and across texts	reasoned justifications
	vocabulary.	·			to them and be		for their views.
		To make links between the text they are reading			taught how to		
		and other texts they have			choose		
		read(in texts that they car			appropriately.		
		read independently). '	1				